

PUBLIC DIRECTORY.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE INSERTED IN this column at 75 cents a line per month.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION, BY JACKSON & VAN BROCKLIN, 395 Madison st., m-13

ATA, R. F. DEALER IN FRUIT, 403 N. 3rd St., m-13

AGRICULTURAL AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS, 345 Second street, Greenlaw Block, Memphis, m-13 MILLER & SHAW.

ALL KINDS OF MILITARY BLANKS, Greenlaw Block, Memphis, m-13

ANGELONA LODGE, F. A. A. M., OVER Odd Fellows Hall, m-13

ASBURY CHAPEL, CORNER HERNANDO and Linden sts., Rev. Guilford Jones, pastor, m-13

BOOK-BINDING, FRAMING AND GILDING, 142 N. 3rd St., m-13

B. M. KILPATRICK, LAW OFFICE, ROOM 20, 20 Jackson Block, m-13

BATES & GILBERT, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 270 Front street, m-13

BILLS OF LADING FOR SALE LOW AT this office, m-13

COMBES, J. M., ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor of Claims and Commissioner of S. Court of Claims, Also, Foreign Claim Agent, Office, room No. 2, Postoffice building, m-13

COMMERCE HOTEL, COR. FRONT & Jefferson, Wheeler & Bryson, pro's, m-13

CARDS PRINTED AT LOWEST RATES AT this office, m-13

CALVARY CHURCH, CORNER SECOND and Adams streets, Rev. J. H. White, pastor, m-13

CENTRAL METHODIST CHURCH, No. 179 Union street, J. T. C. Collins, pastor, m-13

CHICKASAW LODGE, No. 8, L. O. G. T. meets at Odd Fellows Hall Wednesday night, m-13

CHIEF OF POLICE—BEN G. HARRIS, Station House, Adams street, near Third, m-13

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—CORNER LINCOLN and Mulberry streets, m-13

CITY ENGINEER—J. H. McCLURE, Exchange Building, m-13

CLAPP, VANCE & ANDERSON, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Seiden Building, 15 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn., m-13

COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, R. H. Houch, 2 1/2 Madison street, m-13

COMMON LAW AND CHANCERY COURT, Greenlaw's Building, m-13

COMPTROLLER—F. M. DICKINSON, Exchange Building, m-13

CONGREGATIONAL UNION CHURCH—Union street between Third and Bayou, m-13

CONGREGATION BEN ENETH—CORNER Second and Menard, m-13

CONGREGATION CHILDREN OF ISRAEL—Corner of Main and Poplar streets, m-13

COUNTY COURT—THOMAS LEONARD, Judge, cor. Second and Monroe, m-13

COUNTY REGISTER—CHAS. W. JOHNSON, cor. Court and Second streets, m-13

CRIMINAL COURT—CORNER SECOND and Union streets, m-13

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Court street, Rev. Dr. Davis, pastor, m-13

CUSTOM HOUSE, CORNER MAIN AND Jefferson streets, up stairs, m-13

DOGS, SASH AND BLINDS, CHAP AT 107 Madison street, m-13

DONOR'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 200 Main street, New pupils daily, m-13

DICKINSON & BRO., COTTON FACTORS and Commission Merchants, 200 Front st., m-13

DEEDS, DEEDS, DEEDS—FOR SALE AT this office, m-13

DEEDS OF GIFT FOR SALE LOW AT this office, m-13

DRAY TICKETS FOR SALE LOW AT this office, m-13

ENVELOPES NEATLY PRINTED AT THE Public Ledger, m-13

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER OF Second and Adams streets, m-13

FURNACE, JOSEPH, PRACTICAL Plumber, Gas and Steam Pipe Fitter, 212 1/2 Second street, cor. Main and Poplar, m-13

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, 212 1/2 Second and Poplar streets, m-13

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—CORNER Third and Poplar streets, m-13

GILDING & REGILDING ALL KINDS OF Frames by J. H. White, m-13

HAVERLY, STANLEY—DEALER IN, 212 1/2 Second street, m-13

HOUSE LEASES FOR SALE LOW AT this office, m-13

INSPECTOR—B. DECKER, BLUFF, BET. Adams and Washington streets, m-13

J. A. GENTS AND BOYS' CLOTHING, 212 1/2 Second street, m-13

JUST & FINNIE, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW and Solicitors in Chancery, No. 230 Second street, (Sullivan's Block), Memphis, m-13

LOVD, D. C., PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, 100 Main street, m-13

LESLIE, JOHN, PAINTER AND ORNAMENTAL, 7 Madison street, m-13

LOB & BROS., GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS, etc., 10 & 10 1/2 Union st., m-13

LAND LEASES FOR SALE LOW AT THIS office, m-13

LELLA SCOTT LODGE, F. A. A. M., CORNER Second and Madison streets, m-13

LINDSEY & VREDENBURGH, GENERAL Insurance Agents, 9 Madison st., m-13

MASON & STEPHENS, COLLECTING AGENTS, 195 Main st., (up stairs), m-13

MANTREST FOR STEAMBOATS FOR sale low at this office, m-13

MAYOR'S OFFICE, EXCHANGE BUILDING, John Park, mayor, m-13

MEMPHIS LODGE NO. 6, L. O. G. T. meets at Odd Fellows Hall Tuesday night, m-13

MORGAN, W. H., ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, etc., Decoto Block, Madison st., m-13

NEW MEMPHIS THEATRE, JEFFERSON st., near Third, W. C. Thompson, manager, m-13

ODD-FELLOWS' HALL, CORNER MAIN and Court streets, m-13

OLD HATS MADE NEW BY M. COHEN, Matter, 365 N. 3rd street, m-13

PETERS, WRIGHT & WILLIAMSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Claim Agents, 38 Madison street, Decoto Block, Memphis, m-13

PAINT STORE, ARTIST MATERIALS, etc., 21 Second st., m-13

POST OFFICE, CORNER THIRD AND Jefferson streets, R. G. Gist, Postmaster, m-13

QUIT CLAIM DEEDS FOR SALE LOW AT this office, m-13

RECORDERS COURT, ADAMS STREET, near Third, m-13

REISTER, L. R. RICHARDS—OFFICE, Exchange Building, m-13

SANDS' ALE AGENCY—MATTHIAS & Sibley, sole agents, 7 Monroe st., m-13

SIMPSON, HADDEN & CO., GROCERS and Cotton Factors, 230 Front st., m-13

SOUND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—COR. Main and Beal streets, m-13

SHERIFF—P. M. WINTERS, GREEN-law's Building, Second street, near Union, m-13

SOUND BAPTIST CHURCH—CORNER Second and Adams streets, m-13

SOUTH MEMPHIS CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Echols st., near Vance, m-13

SOUTH MEMPHIS LODGE, F. A. A. M., corner Second and Madison streets, m-13

SPECIAL AGENT TREASURY DEPARTMENT—D. J. Harris, cor. Jefferson and Main, m-13

ST. MARY'S CHURCH—POPLAR STREET near Alabama, m-13

ST. PETER'S CHURCH—CORNER ADAMS and Third streets, m-13

SURVEYOR OF PORT—JOHN LAQUE, Front street, between Court and Madison, m-13

SHIPPING TAGS, PRINTED OR PLAIN for sale low at this office, m-13

TRUDEAU, FAN, DEALER IN WATCHES, Jewelry, etc., 7 Madison street, m-13

TOFF, PHILLIPS & CIBOLE, WHOLESALE Grocers and Cotton Factors, 230 Front street, m-13

TAX COLLECTOR—FRED WARNER, EXCHANGE BUILDING, m-13

THIRD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—COR. Adams and Third streets, m-13

TREASURER—WILLIAM BRIDGES, EXCHANGE BUILDING, m-13

TRUST DEEDS FOR SALE LOW AT THIS office, m-13

UNITED STATES CLERK—A. S. MITCHELL, 30 Main street, up stairs, m-13

U. S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY—JOHN L. Williamson, 302 Main street, up stairs, m-13

PUBLIC LEDGER.

BY WHITMORE BROS.

VOL. II.

PUBLIC DIRECTORY.

WEBSTER & CO.—CLOTHING, BOOTS, Shoes, Hats, Notions, Gent's Furnishings, etc., 27 1/2 Jefferson street, m-13

W. H. & CO., WHOLESALE AND retail dealers in Books, Stationery, Blank Books, etc., 285 Main street, m-13

WARMASTER—J. T. BUTLER—MEMPHIS and St. Louis Packets' Wharfboat, m-13

WARRANTEE DEEDS FOR SALE LOW at this office, m-13

WHITMORE BROTHERS, STEAM JOB Printers, 13 Madison street, m-13

PUBLIC LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

—BY—

William A. and Edwin Whitmore,

Under the firm style of

WHITMORE BROTHERS,

—AT—

No. 13 Madison Street.

The PUBLIC LEDGER will be served to City Subscribers by faithful carriers at TEN CENTS per week, payable weekly to the carriers.

By mail, SIX DOLLARS per annum, or Fifty cents per month, in advance.

Communications upon subjects of general interest to the public are at all times acceptable, and will be published or rejected at our option, whether accompanied by the signature of the writer or otherwise.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

First Insertion—30 cents per line

Subsequent Insertions—10 cents per line

For One Week—30 " "

For Two Weeks—50 " "

For Three Weeks—60 " "

For One Month—75 " "

Displayed advertisements will be charged according to the space occupied, at above rates, there being twelve lines of solid type to the inch.

Notices in local columns inserted for twenty cents per line for each insertion.

To regular advertisers by the quarter, half, or whole column, we offer superior inducements, both as to rate of charges and manner of displaying their favors.

All advertisements should be marked the date of insertion, and if they are to be published, if not so marked, they will be inserted for one month, and charged accordingly.

Notices of Marriage and Deaths will be inserted in the PUBLIC LEDGER at items of news. But anything beyond the mere announcement will be charged for at the rate of 20 cents per line.

All bills for advertising are due when contracted and payable on demand.

All letters, whether upon business or otherwise, must be addressed to

WHITMORE BROTHERS,

Publishers and Proprietors.

BY TELEGRAPH

FROM ALL POINTS.

The Midnight Dispatches.

NEW ORLEANS, March 19.—Cotton is depressed; sales to-day, 3700 bales; receipts, 1300 bales; middling, 40¢42¢.

Nothing doing in sugar and molasses; gold, 27½; sterling, 30½; New York checks 15 discount.

All the newly elected city officers were duly installed to-day, except John T. Monroe, mayor elect, and J. O. Nixon, alderman elect, whose functions have been temporarily suppressed, as they come within the exception to pardon made by the President's proclamation.

N. J. Rosser has been installed mayor pro tem by Gen. Canby.

LOUISVILLE, March 19.—Leaf tobacco quiet—sales to-day 61 hhds, low grades from \$4@8, medium \$9@20, choice cutting leaf \$60; flour, superfine, \$7 25; extra family \$9 50; corn 60¢; oats 42¢; standard sheetings 25¢; pork \$26 50; bacon—shoulders 13½¢, clear sides 17¢; whiskey unchanged.

St. Louis, March 19.—Cotton 35¢; flour and grain dull; pork \$27; bacon unchanged; lard 17¢.

CINCINNATI, March 19.—Flour unchanged and dull, at \$7 00 for superfine, family \$10 50; corn, upward, 50¢; oats 38¢; provisions dull; lard 18½¢.

HALIFAX, March 19.—There is great excitement here and startling rumors are afloat. The artillery in all the forts is manned, and the militia called out by a proclamation. Arms and ammunition have been given them to-day. The engineers have been very busy since Friday.

St. Patrick's day was celebrated with the usual ceremonies. There was no disturbance.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The Wisconsin Legislature has defeated the bill restoring the death penalty, and the Senate has struck out the word "white" in the qualification of electors.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—House—Hooper introduced a bill to-day, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to sell certain bonds, and to retain and cancel Treasury notes, certificates and other obligations bearing interest, similar to the amount, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Dawson introduced a resolution, that the United States cannot guarantee the Bonds of Mexico, or any other government, without impairing its own credit. The House refused to accord the previous question thereon, and the resolution went over by a vote of 81 to 67, and reconsidered the bill whereby the Iron bill was rejected on Friday.

Cotton, heavy and unsettled; flour, dull and declined 10¢; coffee, dull; sugar, dull—Cuba, 10½¢; molasses, dull—Porto Rico, 70¢; pork, \$26 12½; money, easy, at 96¢ per cent; sterling, dull and heavy, at 96¢ per cent; gold, 128½; stocks are heavy under the uncertainty about the action of Congress upon the Loan Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The House amendments to the bill providing a home for the totally disabled soldiers, was concurred in and the bill passed.

Davis, in reply to Fessenden, advocated allowing the claimants for assets of Southern Senators and Representatives to be present at the examination and cross-examination of witnesses.

The concurrent resolutions from the House to adjourn on the day of May was read and referred to the Committee on Finance.

There were several petitions presented in each House, mainly unimportant, which were appropriately referred.

LOUISVILLE, March 19, 11:30 P.M.—A heavy rain storm has commenced, with lightning.

LONDON CRIME.

A Leaf from a Burglar's Note-Book—An Extraordinary Robbery.

From the London Times, Feb. 18.

Time, which brings all things to light, has now completely revealed all the secrets of a very strange story. It is just twelve months since a most extraordinary robbery in Cornhill alarmed our metropolitan tradesmen for their property. A jeweler's shop, though protected in what was thought a secure fashion, was found on a Monday morning riddled of its precious contents. The premises themselves, after being locked up on the Saturday night, were left unattended for six and thirty hours, but the gas was kept light, the shutters were pierced with holes so that the police could see into the shop at all times, and the most valuable part of the stock was lodged in an iron safe, believed to be thief-proof. When the proprietors, however, returned to the shop on the Monday morning, this safe was found open and the jewelry gone. The speculations and controversies which followed, and the arrests, trials and convictions which ultimately ensued, will not have been forgotten; but the whole story has now been revived and explained to its minutest particulars in the course of certain legal proceedings just reported. Mr. Walker, the jeweler who was plundered, brought an action against the manufacturers who supplied him with his safe, and one of the witnesses produced in court was the chief operator in the robbery. His frank and circumstantial narrative of the affair gives us an insight into matters more interesting than the narratives of iron work. The robbery had been elaborately planned, and was only accomplished by a regular expedition of well equipped thieves. The cleverest of the gang had taken Mr. Walker, his family, his habits and his doings under the closest surveillance for seven weeks before, night and day, until at last everything connected with his going and coming, his business and his practice, was thoroughly known. This information being complete, a party of five of the robbers repaired to the premises at ten minutes past six on the evening of Saturday, the 4th of February, 1865. The house was let and occupied in floors. Mr. Walker's shop being on the ground floor, Sir Charles Croseley's offices immediately above, and other offices above these, while below Mr. Walker's shop was a room tenanted by a tailor. The occupants, when the thieves arrived on the spot, had not yet left for the night, but the offices on the second floor were empty, and to these three of the robbers at once ascended by means of the common staircase, and there took up their first position, the other two remaining in the street to watch and give signals. At twenty minutes to eight the signal was given by the confederates outside that Mr. Walker's foreman, who appears to have been the last on the premises, was gone, and their operations were at once commenced.

The three robbers concealed in the house first went down to Sir Charles Croseley's office, where, more for pastime, as it seems, than anything else, they opened the safe. The chief object of the expedition was still postponed, nor was it until past midnight that they began the work. Mr. Walker's shop appears to have been secured by iron doors or partitions, but the thieves directed their attack against a part which had not unnaturally been left with less protection. They got into the tailor's room on the lowest floor, more or less by cutting board and then forced their way through the ceiling and flooring into Mr. Walker's shop above. Having thus effected a lodgment against the real point of attack, they distributed the duties of the night. One of the two thieves stationed on the street, one was to watch left Mr. Walker or any of his people should return to the house, while the other was to keep guard over the police, and give warning whenever any constable approached the shop. Inside, one of the gang sat up stairs, in Sir Charles Croseley's arm chair, at the window of the second floor, to correspond with the sentries in the street, and the signals of these men he communicated, by means of a string to his comrades below. One of these, placed in a hole half way between the shop and the tailor's room, handed up such instruments as were wanted for use, the other "did the work," and it is he, now a constable undergoing his sentence of penal servitude, who tells the story.

The first proceeding of the operators was to "test" the safe in which the booty was secured, and this experiment was conducted by the insertion of a thin wedge of steel into the almost imperceptible chink left between the door of the safe and its side. Supposing a wedge holds when so driven it is taken as evidence that the operation is practicable, inasmuch as something or other is clearly yielding to pressure, and that pressure may be gradually and dexterously increased up to the point desired. If the wedge, instead of holding, rebounds from the plates and files off, it is proof that the affair cannot be managed, or, at least, not in this manner. In this instance the wedge held, and so the operation was continued. First, a little bar was inserted to release the wedge; then another wedge a little larger still to release the second wedge, until after ten or a dozen such steps the chink was opened sufficiently for the introduction of "the alderman." The instrument thus dignified in name is a long iron bar, sometimes as much as five feet in length, joined together in pieces, so as to be carried in a small case. With the end of the "alderman" fairly introduced and the arm of a strong man acting on the other extremity of the lever, the safe has no longer any chance; and so it was on this occasion. The door was prised open by the force of this powerful lever, and the booty was won. At a quarter before four on Sunday afternoon the thieves were "up in Sir Charles Croseley's office, washing their hands, and by twenty minutes to five they were "miles away on the Guildford road."

Gen. Hood's Reported Engagement.

From the Paris (Ky.) True Kentuckian.

There has been a report going the rounds of the press, that Gen. J. B. Hood was to be married to a daughter of Gen. Wm. Preston, of Louisville. We re-

marked to him that he had to suffer for his notoriety. "Yes," said he, "and it must be exceedingly annoying to the lady, as we had no acquaintance whatever, having never even seen one another."

He was recently the guest of Mr. Jas. Short, of our place, and spent some time with his brother-in-law, Dr. Graves, an eminent physician of North Middleton, in this county. He is a much handsomer man than one would judge him to be from his photograph, and in conversation he has a very pleasant countenance. Some one remarked to him that the greatest difficulty he had at the battle of the Seven Pines, was to keep the leaves which the balls cut off, from falling between his collar and neck. "That," said he, "was before they learned to shoot low." Sharpshooters, he considered, the hardest fought field of the war. He fought all day long, in open space, against three times his number, and lost half his men.

Important Decision.

An important decision has been rendered by the Superior Court of New York. It is thus stated by a dispatch:

An important decision on the subject of the value of United States Treasury notes, making them equal in every respect, in legal contemplation, to similar denominations in gold, has just been rendered by the general term of the Superior Court. The agreement in this case was to make them pay freight money in gold or silver on the delivery of cargo in New York. The plaintiffs, Jno. Wilson & Co., owners of the British ship Atlanta, in January, 1863, chartered the vessel to Gallaudet, Arbutnot & Co., of Calcutta, and the cargo was consigned to Edwin D. Morgan and others of this city.

The vessel arrived here in June, and freight money amounting to \$32,630.00 was tendered in Treasury notes. The offer was refused, and payment in specie demanded. This was refused, and the controversy carried to the Superior Court, and the decision written by Judge Worrell lays down the law to be that all debts can be satisfied by a tender of U. S. Treasury notes. Former adjudications have merely established the fact that contracts made before the passage of the act of 1862, and providing for payment in the legal currency of the country could be satisfied by payment in U. S. Treasury notes.

Good Joke by the President.

John Hoppy, of the Nashville Banner, gives the following humorous description of his journeying after a pardon. "Had a personal interview with the Chief Magistrate, and asked him for a small pardon, if he had any left. Chief Magistrate wanted to know what position I held in the rebellion. The answer was faint, somewhat hesitating, and a little shaky. I said—'Quartermaster.' Chief Magistrate chuckled, and turned his head to conceal a sardonic smile. 'My ancient and venerable friend,' said he, 'if you think that your department of the rebellion endangered the Union cause, your simplicity is a pardon in itself.'"

PROFESSIONAL.

Eye, Throat

AND

LUNG DISEASE.

DR. CREIGHTON'S

OFFICE HOURS FOR these specialties are from 9 o'clock a. m., to 5 o'clock p. m., on days when business is done. Persons wishing Dr. Creighton's services must consult this arrangement.

Office, 174 Main street, No. 4, 4 Main street, south of Beal.

For Fee for Professional Visits, each, Ten Dollars.

D. MORTIMER, M. D. G. W. PAYNE, M. D.

Consulting and

PRESCRIBING PHYSICIANS,

Office, Room No. 19,

COMMERCIAL HOUSE

Jefferson street, between Main and Front streets, Memphis, Tenn.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO treatment of diseases of the Lungs and Throat, including Consumption, Hay Fever, Spleen, Kidney and Spine, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases of Stomach and Bowels. Also the various forms of Female Diseases.

Office hours from 9 o'clock a. m., to 9 o'clock p. m.

DR. C. S. LLOYD.

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON

AND OBSTETRICIAN.

No. 417 Main Street, Cor. Beal

Memphis, Tenn.

I HAVE IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION the celebrated MEDICATED VAPOR BATHS, for the cure of all Chronic and many acute forms of disease, especially those of a Rheumatic, Neuritic, or neural character. Special attention given to diseases of Females.

de3-3m

PROF. C. H. SLATER.

THE GREAT

INDIAN HERB DOCTOR.

CONQUEROR OF PAIN.

Can be found at his

Office, in Lenox Block, on Union, near Main Street.

(Room No. 2, on fourth floor.) m12-2w

WM. H. MORGAN.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

—AND—

GENERAL CLAIM AGENT.

Commissioner of Deeds, Etc.

Over Deoto Insurance Company, Deoto Block.

MADISON STREET.

HENRY S. FITCH,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

163 BAY STREET,

SAVANNAH, GA.

LEDGER.

LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 20, 1866.

NO. 14.

INSURANCE.

INSURE

—WITH—

LINDSEY & VREDENBURGH

AGENTS FOR THE FOLLOWING FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES:

Home Insurance Company

OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, - - - 3,765,693

Security Insurance Comp'y

OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, - - - \$1,602,706

PARTIES DESIRING INSURANCE

either Fire, Marine or Life, would do well to call upon

LINDSEY & VREDENBURGH

Before effecting Insurance elsewhere.

No. 9 Madison Street.

ma-13m

Memphis, Tenn.

H. A. LITTLETON & CO'S

INSURANCE AGENCY.

NINETY-THIRD STATEMENT

OF THE

Etna Insurance Company,

Hartford, Conn.,

JANUARY 1, 1866.

Cash Assets, \$4,067,455 80

Liabilities, 244,391 43

Net Assets, 3,823,064 37

THIS VETERAN OF

16,000 FIRES,

STILL HARD AT WORK.

BY AN

Efficient organization of 4000 practical Underwriters, from Nova Scotia to California and Lake Superior, Mexico and the Gulf, harmonizing the science of average with compensating rates to the advantage of the public welfare.

Flattering Testimonials

OF THE

ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

From the Insurance Department of the

STATE OF NEW YORK.

THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER TO THE LEGISLATURE:

"The Etna Insurance Company, of Hartford, one of the most successful Fire Insurance Companies of this or any other country."

"Connecticut Companies follow the rules and practices of the Etna almost as carefully as if they were embodied in statute law."

Again, pointing to errors of practice in New York companies, the Etna's success in management and solid rules are called to their attention thus:

"It remains now a matter of wonder than imitation in the insurance world."

"By what subtle alchemy has this corporation been enabled to turn its full-paid capital into the philosopher's stone?"

"The extraordinary events which have distinguished its unparalleled financial history."

The average losses per diem in the United States, at this period of the year, are about

\$250,000.

The telegraph daily sends startling notes of warning to all prudent persons.

DO NOT NEGLECT THE SECURITY OF RELIABLE INSURANCE.

Policies issued without delay by

H. A. LITTLETON & CO., Agents.

FLOUR AND MEAL.

CITY MILLS

NEW FLOUR

Ten Cents a Week.

At the End of Each Week